1	н. в. 2502
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3 4	(By Delegates Hunt, Barill, Phillips, R., Tomblin, Eldridge, Stowers, Hamilton, Perry, Poling, D., Ferro and Sobonya)
5 6	[Introduced February 15, 2013; referred to the
7	Committee on Health and Human Resources then the
8	Judiciary.]
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LO	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$30-3-14$ of the Code of West Virginia,
L1	1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §30-14-11 of said
L2	code, all relating to professional discipline of physicians,
L3	podiatrists and osteopathic physicians and surgeons generally;
L 4	and including oral or written inquiry of a patient about
L 5	possession, ownership or storage of firearms as a reason for
L 6	invoking disciplinary proceedings.
L 7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
L 8	That §30-3-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
L 9	be amended and reenacted; and that \$30-14-11 of said code be
20	amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
21	ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.
22	§30-3-14. Professional discipline of physicians and podiatrists;
23	reporting of information to board pertaining to
24	medical professional liability and professional
25	incompetence required; penalties; grounds for license

- denial and discipline of physicians and podiatrists;

 investigations; physical and mental examinations;

 hearings; sanctions; summary sanctions; reporting by

 the board; reapplication; civil and criminal

 immunity; voluntary limitation of license; probable

 cause determinations.
- 7 (a) The board may independently initiate disciplinary 8 proceedings as well as initiate disciplinary proceedings based on 9 information received from medical peer review committees, 10 physicians, podiatrists, hospital administrators, professional 11 societies and others.
- The board may initiate investigations as to professional incompetence or other reasons for which a licensed physician or podiatrist may be adjudged unqualified based upon criminal convictions, complaints by citizens, pharmacists, physicians, podiatrists, peer review committees, hospital administrators, professional societies or others or unfavorable outcomes arising out of medical professional liability. The board shall initiate an investigation if it receives notice that three or more judgments, or any combination of judgments and settlements resulting in five or more unfavorable outcomes arising from medical professional liability, have been rendered or made against the physician or podiatrist within a five-year period. The board may not consider any judgments or settlements as conclusive evidence of

1 professional incompetence or conclusive lack of qualification to 2 practice.

- 3 (b) Upon request of the board, any a medical peer review 4 committee in this state shall report any information that may 5 relate to the practice or performance of any a physician or 6 podiatrist known to that medical peer review committee. Copies of 7 the requests for information from a medical peer review committee 8 may be provided to the subject physician or podiatrist if, in the 9 discretion of the board, the provision of such copies will not 10 jeopardize the board's investigation. In the event that If copies 11 are provided, the subject physician or podiatrist is allowed 12 fifteen days to comment on the requested information and such 13 comments must be considered by the board.
- The chief executive officer of every hospital shall, within sixty days after the completion of the hospital's formal disciplinary procedure and also within sixty days after the commencement of and again after the conclusion of any resulting legal action, report in writing to the board the name of any member of the medical staff or any other physician or podiatrist practicing in the hospital whose hospital privileges have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for any cause, including resignation, together with all pertinent information relating to such action. The chief executive officer shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any a physician or

1 podiatrist by the hospital upon the recommendation of its medical 2 staff relating to professional ethics, medical incompetence, 3 medical professional liability, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol 4 abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to maintain records on a 5 timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need 6 not be reported. Voluntary cessation of hospital privileges for 7 reasons unrelated to professional competence or ethics need not be 8 reported.

Any managed care organization operating in this state which 10 provides a formal peer review process shall report in writing to 11 the board, within sixty days after the completion of any formal 12 peer review process and also within sixty days after the 13 commencement of and again after the conclusion of any resulting 14 legal action, the name of any physician or podiatrist whose 15 credentialing has been revoked or not renewed by the managed care 16 organization. The managed care organization shall also report in 17 writing to the board any other disciplinary action taken against a 18 physician or podiatrist relating to professional 19 professional liability, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse 20 within sixty days after completion of a formal peer review process 21 which results in the action taken by the managed care organization. 22 For purposes of this subsection, "managed care organization" means 23 a plan that establishes, operates or maintains a network of health 24 care providers who have entered into agreements with and been

- 1 credentialed by the plan to provide health care services to
- 2 enrollees or insureds to whom the plan has the ultimate obligation
- 3 to arrange for the provision of or payment for health care services
- 4 through organizational arrangements for ongoing quality assurance,
- 5 utilization review programs or dispute resolutions.
- 6 Any professional society in this state comprised primarily of
- 7 physicians or podiatrists which takes formal disciplinary action
- 8 against a member relating to professional ethics, professional
- 9 incompetence, medical professional liability, moral turpitude or
- 10 drug or alcohol abuse shall report in writing to the board within
- 11 sixty days of a final decision the name of the member, together
- 12 with all pertinent information relating to the action.
- Every person, partnership, corporation, association, insurance
- 14 company, professional society or other organization providing
- 15 professional liability insurance to a physician or podiatrist in
- 16 this state, including the state Board of Risk and Insurance
- 17 Management, shall submit to the board the following information
- 18 within thirty days from any a judgment or settlement of a civil or
- 19 medical professional liability action excepting product liability
- 20 actions:
- 21 (1) The name of the insured;
- 22 (2) The date of any judgment or settlement;
- 23 (3) Whether any an appeal has been taken on the judgment and,
- 24 if so, by which party;

- 1 <u>(4)</u> The amount of any settlement or judgment against the 2 insured; and
- 3 (5) Other information required by the board.
- Within thirty days from the entry of an order by a court in a medical professional liability action or other civil action in which a physician or podiatrist licensed by the board is determined to have rendered health care services below the applicable standard of care, the clerk of the court in which the order was entered shall forward a certified copy of the order to the board.
- Within thirty days after a person known to be a physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state or applying to be licensed is convicted of a felony under the laws of this state or of any a crime under the laws of this state involving alcohol or drugs, in any way, including any a controlled substance under state or federal law, the clerk of the court of record in which the conviction was entered shall forward to the board a certified true and correct abstract of record of the convicting court. The abstract shall include the name and address of the physician or podiatrist or applicant, the nature of the offense committed and the final judgment and sentence of the court.
- Upon a determination of the board that there is probable cause 23 to believe that $\frac{any}{a}$ person, partnership, corporation, 24 association, insurance company, professional society or other

1 organization has failed or refused to make a report required by 2 this subsection, the board shall provide written notice to the 3 alleged violator stating the nature of the alleged violation and 4 the time and place at which the alleged violator shall appear to 5 show good cause why a civil penalty should not be imposed. 6 hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of 7 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. After reviewing 8 the record of the hearing, if the board determines that a violation 9 of this subsection has occurred, the board shall assess a civil 10 penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 against the The board shall notify any person so assessed of the 12 assessment in writing and the notice shall specify the reasons for 13 the assessment. If the violator fails to pay the amount of the 14 assessment to the board within thirty days, the Attorney General 15 may institute a civil action in the circuit court of Kanawha County 16 to recover the amount of the assessment. In any a civil action, 17 the court's review of the board's action shall be conducted in 18 accordance with the provisions of section four, article five, 19 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Notwithstanding any other 20 provision of this article to the contrary, when there are 21 conflicting views by recognized experts as to whether any alleged 22 conduct breaches an applicable standard of care, the evidence must 23 be clear and convincing before the board may find that the 24 physician or podiatrist has demonstrated a lack of professional

- 1 competence to practice with a reasonable degree of skill and safety
 2 for patients.
- Any person may report to the board relevant facts about the 4 conduct of any physician or podiatrist in this state which in the 5 opinion of that person amounts to medical professional liability or 6 professional incompetence.
- The board shall provide forms for filing reports pursuant to 8 this section. Reports submitted in other forms shall be accepted 9 by the board.
- The filing of a report with the board pursuant to any a provision of this article, any an investigation by the board or any a disposition of a case by the board does not preclude any an action by a hospital, other health care facility or professional society comprised primarily of physicians or podiatrists to suspend, restrict or revoke the privileges or membership of the physician or podiatrist.
- (c) The board may deny an application for license or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state and may discipline a physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing in this state who, after a hearing, that been adjudged by the board as unqualified due to any of the following reasons:
- 23 (1) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, renewing or attempting to 24 renew a license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry by

- 1 bribery, fraudulent misrepresentation or through known error of the
 2 board;
- 3 (2) Being found guilty of a <u>crime felony</u> in any jurisdiction 4 which <u>offense is a felony</u>, involves moral turpitude or directly 5 relates to the practice of medicine. <u>Any A</u> plea of nolo contendere 6 is a conviction for the purposes of this subdivision;
- 7 (3) False or deceptive advertising;
- 8 (4) Aiding, assisting, procuring or advising any an 9 unauthorized person to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry 10 contrary to law;
- 11 (5) Making or filing a report that the person knows to be
 12 false; intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or
 13 record required by state or federal law; willfully impeding or
 14 obstructing the filing of a report or record required by state or
 15 federal law; or inducing another person to do any of the foregoing.
 16 The reports and records covered in this subdivision mean only those
 17 that are signed in the capacity as a licensed physician or
 18 podiatrist;
- 19 (6) Requesting, receiving or paying directly or indirectly a 20 payment, rebate, refund, commission, credit or other form of profit 21 or valuable consideration for the referral of patients to any a 22 person or entity in connection with providing medical or other 23 health care services or clinical laboratory services, supplies of 24 any kind, drugs, medication or any other medical goods, services or

- 1 devices used in connection with medical or other health care 2 services;
- 3 (7) Unprofessional conduct by <u>any a physician</u> or podiatrist in 4 referring a patient to <u>any a clinical laboratory</u> or pharmacy in 5 which the physician or podiatrist has a proprietary interest unless 6 the physician or podiatrist discloses in writing such interest to 7 the patient. The written disclosure shall indicate that the 8 patient may choose any clinical laboratory for purposes of having 9 any laboratory work or assignment performed or any pharmacy for 10 purposes of purchasing any prescribed drug or any other medical 11 goods or devices used in connection with medical or other health
- As used in this subdivision, "proprietary interest" does not include an ownership interest in a building in which space is leased to a clinical laboratory or pharmacy at the prevailing rate under a lease arrangement that is not conditional upon the income or gross receipts of the clinical laboratory or pharmacy;

12 care services;

- 18 (8) Exercising influence within a patient-physician
 19 relationship for the purpose of engaging a patient in sexual
 20 activity;
- 21 (9) Making a deceptive, untrue or fraudulent representation in 22 the practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 23 (10) Soliciting patients, either personally or by an agent, 24 through the use of fraud, intimidation or undue influence;

- 1 (11) Failing to keep written records justifying the course of 2 treatment of a patient including, but not limited to, patient 3 histories, examination and test results and treatment rendered, if 4 any;
- 5 (12) Exercising influence on a patient in such a way as to 6 exploit the patient for financial gain of the physician or 7 podiatrist or of a third party. Any influence includes, but is not 8 limited to, the promotion or sale of services, goods, appliances or 9 drugs;
- 10 (13) Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing or
 11 otherwise preparing a prescription drug, including any controlled
 12 substance under state or federal law, other than in good faith and
 13 in a therapeutic manner in accordance with accepted medical
 14 standards and in the course of the physician's or podiatrist's
 15 professional practice. Provided, That A physician who discharges
 16 his or her professional obligation to relieve the pain and
 17 suffering and promote the dignity and autonomy of dying patients in
 18 his or her care and, in so doing, exceeds the average dosage of a
 19 pain relieving controlled substance, as defined in Schedules II and
 20 III of the Uniform Controlled Substance Act, does not violate this
 21 article;
- 22 (14) Performing $\frac{any}{a}$ procedure or prescribing $\frac{any}{a}$ therapy 23 that, by the accepted standards of medical practice in the 24 community, would constitute experimentation on human subjects

- 1 without first obtaining full, informed and written consent;
- 2 (15) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope
- 3 permitted by law or accepting and performing professional
- 4 responsibilities that the person knows or has reason to know he or
- 5 she is not competent to perform;
- 6 (16) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when
- 7 the physician or podiatrist delegating the responsibilities knows
- 8 or has reason to know that the person is not qualified by training,
- 9 experience or licensure to perform them;
- 10 (17) Violating any provision of this article or a rule or
- 11 order of the board or failing to comply with a subpoena or subpoena
- 12 duces tecum issued by the board;
- 13 (18) Conspiring with any other person to commit an act or
- 14 committing an act that would tend to coerce, intimidate or preclude
- 15 another physician or podiatrist from lawfully advertising his or
- 16 her services;
- 17 (19) Gross negligence in the use and control of prescription
- 18 forms;
- 19 (20) Professional incompetence; or
- 20 (21) The inability to practice medicine and surgery or
- 21 podiatry with reasonable skill and safety due to physical or mental
- 22 impairment, including deterioration through the aging process, loss
- 23 of motor skill or abuse of drugs or alcohol. A physician or
- 24 podiatrist adversely affected under this subdivision shall be

1 afforded an opportunity at reasonable intervals to demonstrate that 2 he or she may resume the competent practice of medicine and surgery 3 or podiatry with reasonable skill and safety to patients. In any 4 a proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of 5 proceedings nor any orders entered by the board shall be used 6 against the physician or podiatrist in any other proceeding; or (22) Making an oral or written inquiry of a patient concerning 8 the possession, ownership or storage of firearms where the inquiry 9 has no relationship to the practice of medicine or the medical 10 condition of the patient but is for the purpose of gathering 11 statistics or to justify patient counseling, unless the inquiry is 12 the subject of a request or related to a medical complaint made by 13 the patient. (d) The board shall deny any an application for a license or 15 other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in 16 this state to any an applicant who, and shall revoke the license of

any a physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing within this state who, is found guilty by any a court of competent jurisdiction of any a felony involving prescribing, selling, administering, dispensing, mixing or otherwise preparing any a prescription drug, including any a controlled substance under state or federal law, for other than generally accepted therapeutic purposes. Presentation to the board of a certified copy of the guilty verdict or plea rendered in the court is sufficient proof

1 thereof for the purposes of this article. A plea of nolo
2 contendere has the same effect as a verdict or plea of guilt. Upon
3 application of a physician that has had his or her license revoked
4 because of a drug related felony conviction, upon completion of any
5 a sentence of confinement, parole, probation or other court-ordered
6 supervision and full satisfaction of any fines, judgments or other
7 fees imposed by the sentencing court, the board may issue the
8 applicant a new license upon a finding that the physician is,
9 except for the underlying conviction, otherwise qualified to
10 practice medicine Provided, That The board and may place whatever
11 terms, conditions or limitations it deems appropriate upon a
12 physician licensed pursuant to this subsection.

13 (e) The board may refer any cases coming to its attention to appropriate committee of an appropriate professional 15 organization for investigation and report. Except for complaints 16 related to obtaining initial licensure to practice medicine and 17 surgery or podiatry in this state by bribery or fraudulent 18 misrepresentation, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ complaint filed more than two years after 19 the complainant knew or, in the exercise of reasonable diligence, 20 should have known of the existence of grounds for the complaint, 21 shall be dismissed: Provided, That in cases of conduct alleged to 22 be part of a pattern of similar misconduct or professional 23 incapacity that, if continued, would pose risks of a serious or 24 substantial nature to the physician's or podiatrist's current

investigating body may conduct 1 patients, the 2 investigation related to the physician's or podiatrist's current 3 capacity and qualification to practice and may recommend 4 conditions, restrictions or limitations on the physician's or 5 podiatrist's license to practice that it considers necessary for 6 the protection of the public. Any report shall 7 recommendations for any necessary disciplinary measures and shall 8 be filed with the board within ninety days of any referral. 9 recommendations shall be considered by the board and the case may 10 be further investigated by the board. The board, after full 11 investigation, shall take whatever action it considers appropriate 12 as provided in this section.

(f) The investigating body, as provided in subsection (e) of this section, may request and the board, under any circumstances, may require a physician or podiatrist or person applying for licensure or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state to submit to a physical or mental examination by a physician or physicians approved by the board. A physician or podiatrist submitting to an examination has the right, at his or her expense, to designate another physician to be present the examination and make an independent report to the investigating body or the board. The expense of the examination shall be paid by the board. Any individual who applies for or accepts the privilege of practicing medicine and surgery or

1 podiatry in this state is considered to have given his or her 2 consent to submit to all examinations when requested to do so in 3 writing by the board and to have waived all objections to the 4 admissibility of the testimony or examination report of any 5 examining physician on the ground that the testimony or report is 6 privileged communication. If a person fails or refuses to submit 7 to an examination under circumstances which the board finds are not 8 beyond his or her control, failure or refusal is prima facie 9 evidence of his or her inability to practice medicine and surgery 10 or podiatry competently and in compliance with the standards of 11 acceptable and prevailing medical practice.

- 12 (g) In addition to any other investigators it employs, the 13 board may appoint one or more licensed physicians to act for it in 14 investigating the conduct or competence of a physician.
- (h) In every disciplinary or licensure denial action, the board shall furnish the physician or podiatrist or applicant with written notice setting out with particularity the reasons for its action. Disciplinary and licensure denial hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. However, hearings shall be heard upon sworn testimony and the rules of evidence for trial courts of record in this state shall apply to all hearings. A transcript of all hearings under this section shall be made and the respondent may obtain a copy of the transcript at his or her

1 expense. The physician or podiatrist has the right to defend 2 against any charge by the introduction of evidence, the right to be 3 represented by counsel, the right to present and cross-examine 4 witnesses and the right to have subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 5 issued on his or her behalf for the attendance of witnesses and the 6 production of documents. The board shall make all its final 7 actions public. The order shall contain the terms of all action 8 taken by the board.

(i) In disciplinary actions in which probable cause has been 10 found by the board, the board shall, within twenty days of the date 11 of service of the written notice of charges or sixty days prior to 12 the date of the scheduled hearing, whichever is sooner, provide the 13 respondent with the complete identity, address and telephone number 14 of any person known to the board with knowledge about the facts of 15 any of the charges; provide a copy of any statements in the 16 possession of or under the control of the board; provide a list of 17 proposed witnesses with addresses and telephone numbers with a summary of his or her anticipated testimony; provide 19 disclosure of any trial expert pursuant to the requirements of Rule 20 26(b)(4) of the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure; provide 21 inspection and copying of the results of any reports of physical 22 and mental examinations or scientific tests or experiments; and 23 provide a list and copy of any proposed exhibit to be used at the 24 hearing. Provided, That The board shall not be required to furnish

1 or produce any materials which contain opinion work product 2 information or would be a violation of the attorney-client Within twenty days of the date of service of the 3 privilege. 4 written notice of charges, the board shall disclose any exculpatory 5 evidence with a continuing duty to do so throughout the 6 disciplinary process. Within thirty days of receipt of the board's 7 mandatory discovery, the respondent shall provide the board with 8 the complete identity, address and telephone number of any person 9 known to the respondent with knowledge about the facts of any of 10 the charges; provide a list of proposed witnesses with addresses 11 and telephone numbers, to be called at hearing, with a brief 12 summary of his or her anticipated testimony; provide disclosure of 13 any trial expert pursuant to the requirements of Rule 26(b)(4) of 14 the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure; provide inspection and 15 copying of the results of any reports of physical and mental 16 examinations or scientific tests or experiments; and provide a list 17 and copy of any proposed exhibit to be used at the hearing.

- (j) Whenever it finds any person unqualified because of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (c) of this section, the board 20 may enter an order imposing one or more of the following:
- 21 (1) Deny his or her application for a license or other 22 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 23 (2) Administer a public reprimand;
- 24 (3) Suspend, limit or restrict his or her license or other

- 1 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry for not
- 2 more than five years, including limiting the practice of that
- 3 person to, or by the exclusion of, one or more areas of practice,
- 4 including limitations on practice privileges;
- 5 (4) Revoke his or her license or other authorization to
- 6 practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or to prescribe or
- 7 dispense controlled substances for a period not to exceed ten
- 8 years;
- 9 (5) Require him or her to submit to care, counseling or
- 10 treatment designated by the board as a condition for initial or
- 11 continued licensure or renewal of licensure or other authorization
- 12 to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 13 (6) Require him or her to participate in a program of
- 14 education prescribed by the board;
- 15 (7) Require him or her to practice under the direction of a
- 16 physician or podiatrist designated by the board for a specified
- 17 period of time; and
- 18 (8) Assess a civil fine of not less than \$1000 nor more than
- 19 \$10,000.
- 20 (k) Notwithstanding the provisions of section eight, article
- 21 one, chapter thirty of this code, if the board determines the
- 22 evidence in its possession indicates that a physician's or
- 23 podiatrist's continuation in practice or unrestricted practice
- 24 constitutes an immediate danger to the public, the board may take

- 1 any of the actions provided in subsection (j) of this section on a
- 2 temporary basis and without a hearing if institution of proceedings
- 3 for a hearing before the board are initiated simultaneously with
- 4 the temporary action and begin within fifteen days of the action.
- 5 The board shall render its decision within five days of the
- 6 conclusion of a hearing under this subsection.
- 7 (1) Any A person against whom disciplinary action is taken
- 8 pursuant to the provisions of this article has the right to
- 9 judicial review as provided in articles five and six, chapter
- 10 twenty-nine-a of this code. Provided, That A circuit judge may
- 11 also remand the matter to the board if it appears from competent
- 12 evidence presented to it in support of a motion for remand that
- 13 there is newly discovered evidence of such a character as ought to
- 14 produce an opposite result at a second hearing on the merits before
- 15 the board and:
- 16 (1) The evidence appears to have been discovered since the
- 17 board hearing; and
- 18 (2) The physician or podiatrist exercised due diligence in
- 19 asserting his or her evidence and that due diligence would not have
- 20 secured the newly discovered evidence prior to the appeal.
- 21 A person may not practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or
- 22 deliver health care services in violation of any a disciplinary
- 23 order revoking, suspending or limiting his or her license while any
- 24 an appeal is pending. Within sixty days, the board shall report

1 its final action regarding restriction, limitation, suspension or 2 revocation of the license of a physician or podiatrist, limitation 3 on practice privileges or other disciplinary action against any a 4 physician or podiatrist to all appropriate state agencies, 5 appropriate licensed health facilities and hospitals, insurance 6 companies or associations writing medical malpractice insurance in 7 this state, the American Medical Association, the American Podiatry 8 Association, professional societies of physicians or podiatrists in 9 the state and any entity responsible for the fiscal administration 10 of Medicare and Medicaid.

- (m) Any \underline{A} person against whom disciplinary action has been 12 taken under the provisions of this article shall, at reasonable 13 intervals, be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she 14 can resume the practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry on a 15 general or limited basis. At the conclusion of a suspension, 16 limitation or restriction period the physician or podiatrist may 17 resume practice if the board has so ordered.
- (n) Any entity, organization or person, including the board, any member of the board, its agents or employees and any entity or organization or its members referred to in this article, any insurer, its agents or employees, a medical peer review committee and a hospital governing board, its members or any committee appointed by it acting without malice and without gross negligence in making any report or other information available to the board or

1 a medical peer review committee pursuant to law and any person 2 acting without malice and without gross negligence who assists in 3 the organization, investigation or preparation of any such report 4 or information or assists the board or a hospital governing body or 5 any committee in carrying out any of its duties or functions 6 provided by law is immune from civil or criminal liability, except 7 that the unlawful disclosure of confidential information possessed 8 by the board is a misdemeanor as provided in this article.

- 9 (o) A physician or podiatrist may request in writing to the
 10 board a limitation on or the surrendering of his or her license to
 11 practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or other appropriate
 12 sanction as provided in this section. The board may grant the
 13 request and, if it considers it appropriate, may waive the
 14 commencement or continuation of other proceedings under this
 15 section. A physician or podiatrist whose license is limited or
 16 surrendered or against whom other action is taken under this
 17 subsection may, at reasonable intervals, petition for removal of
 18 any a restriction or limitation on or for reinstatement of his or
 19 her license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry.
- 20 (p) In every case considered by the board under this article 21 regarding discipline or licensure, whether initiated by the board 22 or upon complaint or information from any person or organization, 23 the board shall make a preliminary determination as to whether 24 probable cause exists to substantiate charges of disqualification

1 due to any reason set forth in subsection (c) of this section. If
2 probable cause is found to exist, all proceedings on the charges
3 shall be open to the public who are entitled to all reports,
4 records and nondeliberative materials introduced at the hearing
5 including the record of the final action taken: Provided, That any
6 medical records which were introduced at the hearing and which
7 pertain to a person who has not expressly waived his or her right
8 to the confidentiality of the records, may not be open to the
9 public nor is the public entitled to the records.

- 10 (q) If the board receives notice that a physician or 11 podiatrist has been subjected to disciplinary action or has had his 12 or her credentials suspended or revoked by the board, a hospital or 13 a professional society, as defined in subsection (b) of this 14 section, for three or more incidents during a five-year period, the 15 board shall require the physician or podiatrist to practice under 16 the direction of a physician or podiatrist designated by the board 17 for a specified period of time to be established by the board.
- (r) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the board may, at any time, on its own motion, or upon motion by the complainant, or upon motion by the physician or podiatrist or by stipulation of the parties, refer the matter to mediation. The board shall obtain a list from the West Virginia State Bar's mediator referral service of certified mediators with expertise in professional disciplinary matters. The board and the physician or

- 1 podiatrist may choose a mediator from that list. If the board and
- 2 the physician or podiatrist are unable to agree on a mediator, the
- 3 board shall designate a mediator from the list by neutral rotation.
- 4 The mediation shall not be considered is not a proceeding open to
- 5 the public and any reports and records introduced at the mediation
- 6 shall not become are not part of the public record. The mediator
- 7 and all participants in the mediation shall maintain and preserve
- 8 the confidentiality of all mediation proceedings and records. The
- 9 mediator may not be subpoenaed or called to testify or otherwise be
- 10 subject to process requiring disclosure of confidential information
- 11 in any proceeding relating to or arising out of the disciplinary or
- 12 licensure matter mediated: Provided, That any confidentiality
- 13 agreement and any written agreement made and signed by the parties
- 14 as a result of mediation may be used in any proceedings
- 15 subsequently instituted to enforce the written agreement. The
- 16 agreements may be used in other proceedings if the parties agree in
- 17 writing.
- 18 ARTICLE 14. OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
- 19 §30-14-11. Refusal, suspension or revocation of license;
- 20 suspension or revocation of certificate of
- 21 authorization.
- 22 (a) The board may either refuse to issue or may suspend or
- 23 revoke any license for any one or more of the following causes:
- 24 (1) Conviction of a felony, as shown by a certified copy of

- 1 the record of the trial court;
- 2 (2) Conviction of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;
- 3 (3) Violation of any provision of this article regulating the 4 practice of osteopathic physicians and surgeons;
- 5 (4) Fraud, misrepresentation or deceit in procuring or 6 attempting to procure admission to practice;
- 7 (5) Gross malpractice;
- 8 (6) Advertising by means of knowingly false or deceptive 9 statements;
- 10 (7) Advertising, practicing or attempting to practice under a 11 name other than one's own;
- 12 (8) Habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the use of 13 morphine, cocaine or other habit-forming drugs;
- 14 (9) Making an oral or written inquiry of a patient concerning
- 15 the possession, ownership, or storage of firearms, where the
- 16 inquiry has no relationship to the practice of osteopathic medicine
- 17 or the medical condition of the patient but is for the purpose of
- 18 gathering statistics or to justify patient counseling unless the
- 19 inquiry is the subject of a request or related to a medical
- 20 complaint made by the patient.
- 21 (b) The board shall also have the power to suspend or revoke
- 22 for cause any certificate of authorization issued by it. It shall
- 23 have the power to reinstate any certificate of authorization
- 24 suspended or revoked by it.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to include oral or written inquiry of a patient about possession, ownership or storage of firearms as a reason for invoking disciplinary proceedings against physicians, podiatrists and osteopathic physicians and surgeons.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.